§201.8

and a reading of the application in its totality indicates that there is no copyrightable new material on which to base a claim;

- (viii) A work subject to the manufacturing provisions of the Act of 1909 was apparently published in violation of those provisions;
- (ix) For a work published after January 1, 1978, the only claimant given on the application was deceased on the date the application was certified;
- (x) A work is not anonymous or pseudonymous and statements on the application and/or copy vary so much that the author cannot be identified; and
- (xi) Statements on the application conflict or are so unclear that the claimant cannot be adequately identified.
- (d) Minor substantive errors. Where a registration includes minor substantive errors or omissions which would generally have been rectified before registration, the Copyright Office will attempt to rectify the error through correspondence with the remitter. Except in those cases enumerated in paragraph (c) of this section, if the Office is unable for any reason to obtain the correct information or deposit copy, the registration record will be annotated to state the nature of the informality and show that the Copyright Office attempted to correct the registration.

[50 FR 40835, Oct. 7, 1985, as amended at 60 FR 34168, June 30, 1995; 65 FR 39819, June 28, 2000; 66 FR 34372, June 28, 2001]

§201.8 [Reserved]

§ 201.9 Recordation of agreements between copyright owners and public broadcasting entities.

(a) License agreements voluntarily negotiated between one or more owners of copyright in published nondramatic musical works and published pictorial, graphic, and sculptural works, and one or more public broadcasting entities, and terms and rates of royalty payments agreed to among owners of copyright in nondramatic literary works and public broadcasting entities will be filed in the Copyright Office, Licensing Division by recordation upon payment of the fee prescribed by §201.3. The doc-

ument submitted for recordation shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) It shall be an original instrument of agreement; or it shall be a legible photocopy or other full-size facsimile reproduction of an original, accompanied by a certification signed by at least one of the parties to the agreement, or an authorized representative of that party, that the reproduction is a true copy;
- (2) It shall bear the signatures of all persons identified as parties to the agreement, or of their authorized agents or representatives;
- (3) It shall be complete on its face, and shall include any schedules, appendixes, or other attachments referred to in the instrument as being part of it; and
- (4) It shall be clearly identified, in its body or a covering transmittal letter, as being submitted for recordation under 17 U.S.C. 118.
- (b) The fee for recordation of a voluntary license agreement under this section is the basic recordation fee as prescribed in §201.3(c).
- (c) The date of recordation is the date when all of the elements required for recordation, including the prescribed fee, have been received in the Copyright Office. A document is filed in the Copyright Office, and a filing in the Copyright Office takes place on the date of recordation. After recordation the document is returned to the sender with a certificate of record.
- (17 U.S.C. 207 and 17 U.S.C. 118, 702, 708(11), as amended by Pub. L. 94-553)

[42 FR 16777, Mar. 30, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 33249, June 29, 1981; 56 FR 59885, Nov. 26, 1991; 64 FR 29521, June 1, 1999]

§ 201.10 Notices of termination of transfers and licenses covering extended renewal term.

- (a) Form. The Copyright Office does not provide printed forms for the use of persons serving notices of termination.
- (b) *Contents.* (1) A notice of termination must include a clear identification of each of the following:
- (i) The name of each grantee whose rights are being terminated, or the grantee's successor in title, and each address at which service of the notice is being made: